$a \parallel b$  and p is a transversal. Fill in the blanks describing the angle relationships with regard to  $\angle 3$ .

∠3 and ∠ 4 are a linear pair (supplementary) 43+44=180

∠3 and ∠ 1 are a linear pair (supplementary) 43+41=180

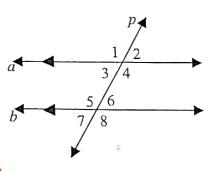
 $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 2$  are vertical angles

 $\angle$  3 and  $\angle$   $\boxed{7}$  are corresponding angles

 $\angle 3$  and  $\angle \underline{6}$  are alternate interior angles

(same side)

23 and 2 5 are consecutive interior angles (supplementary)



 $a \parallel b$  and p is a transversal. If  $m \angle 1 = 140^{\circ}$ , find the measure of each angle giving one reason for each answer.

$$m \angle 2 = 40$$

$$m \angle 3 = 40$$

$$m \angle 4 = 140$$

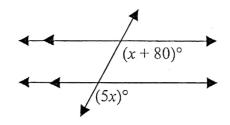
$$m \angle 5 = 140$$

$$m \angle 7 = 40$$

$$m \angle 8 = 140$$

Identify the type of angles and their relationship. Write the equation used to solve for x. Then, find the value of x. Put a box around your answer.

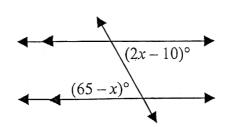
1.



type of angles: Corresponding

relationship: Congruent

equation: 5x = x + 80



type of angles: Alternate Interior

relationship: <u>Congruent</u>

equation: 65 - x = 2x - 10

$$65 - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{2x - 10}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$$
  
 $65 = 3x - 10$   
 $10 = \frac{10}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$ 

$$\frac{15}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$
 $1 \times = 25$